

Data Model and Data Standard - a Happy Marriage?

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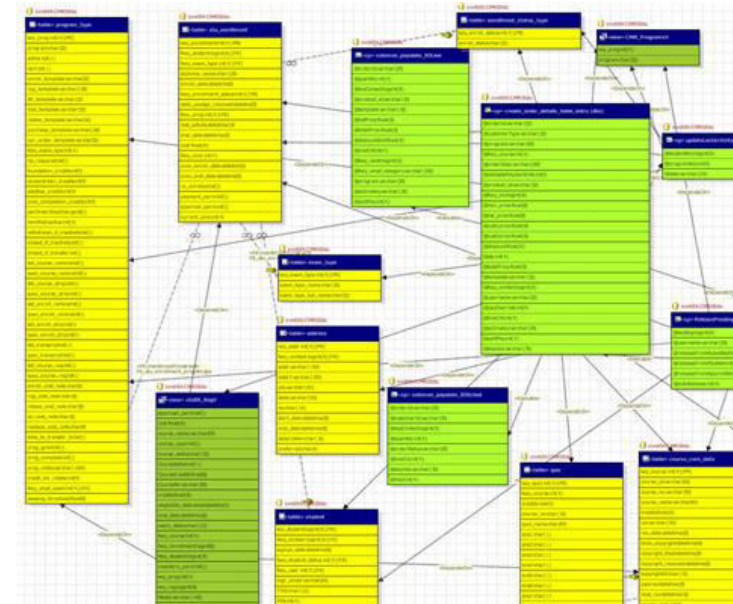
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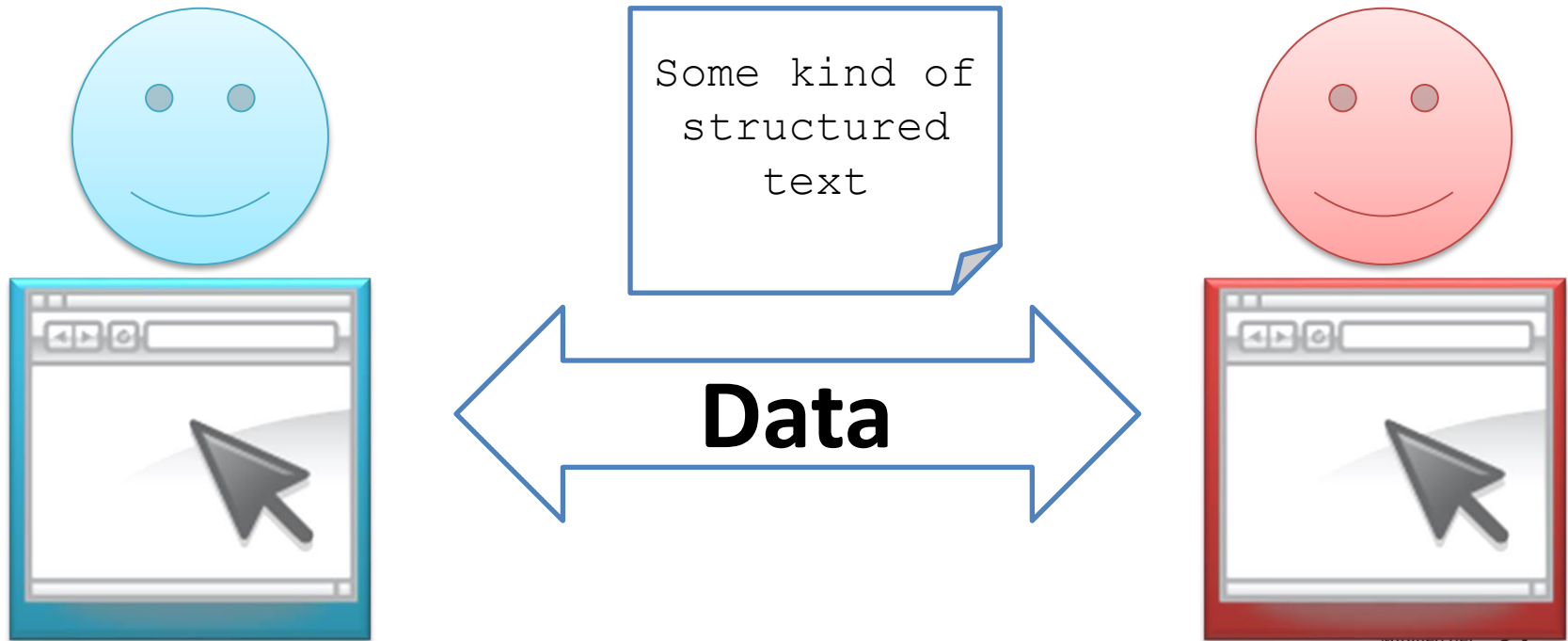
This talk is about

- Problem statement
- DDI decisions
- Technical exploration
- Open issue

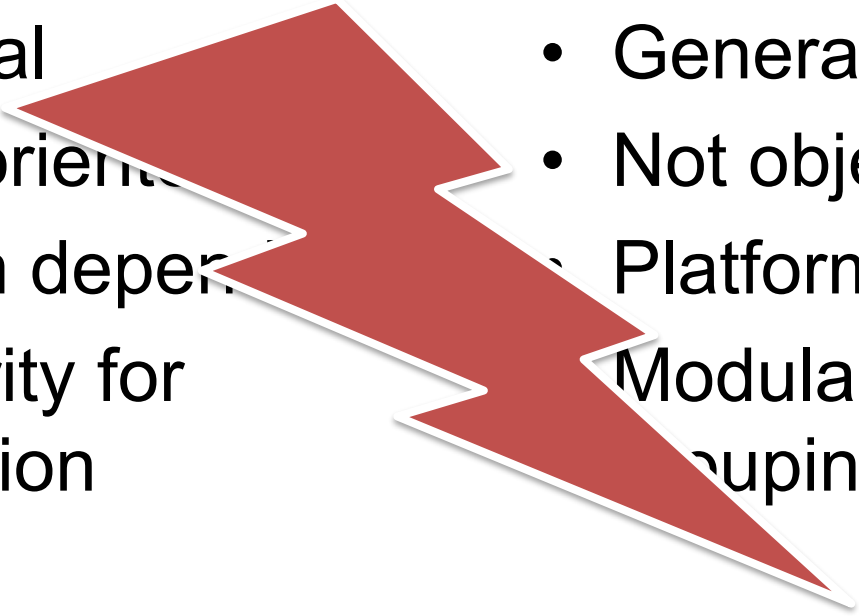
What is a Data Model for?



What is a Data Standard for?



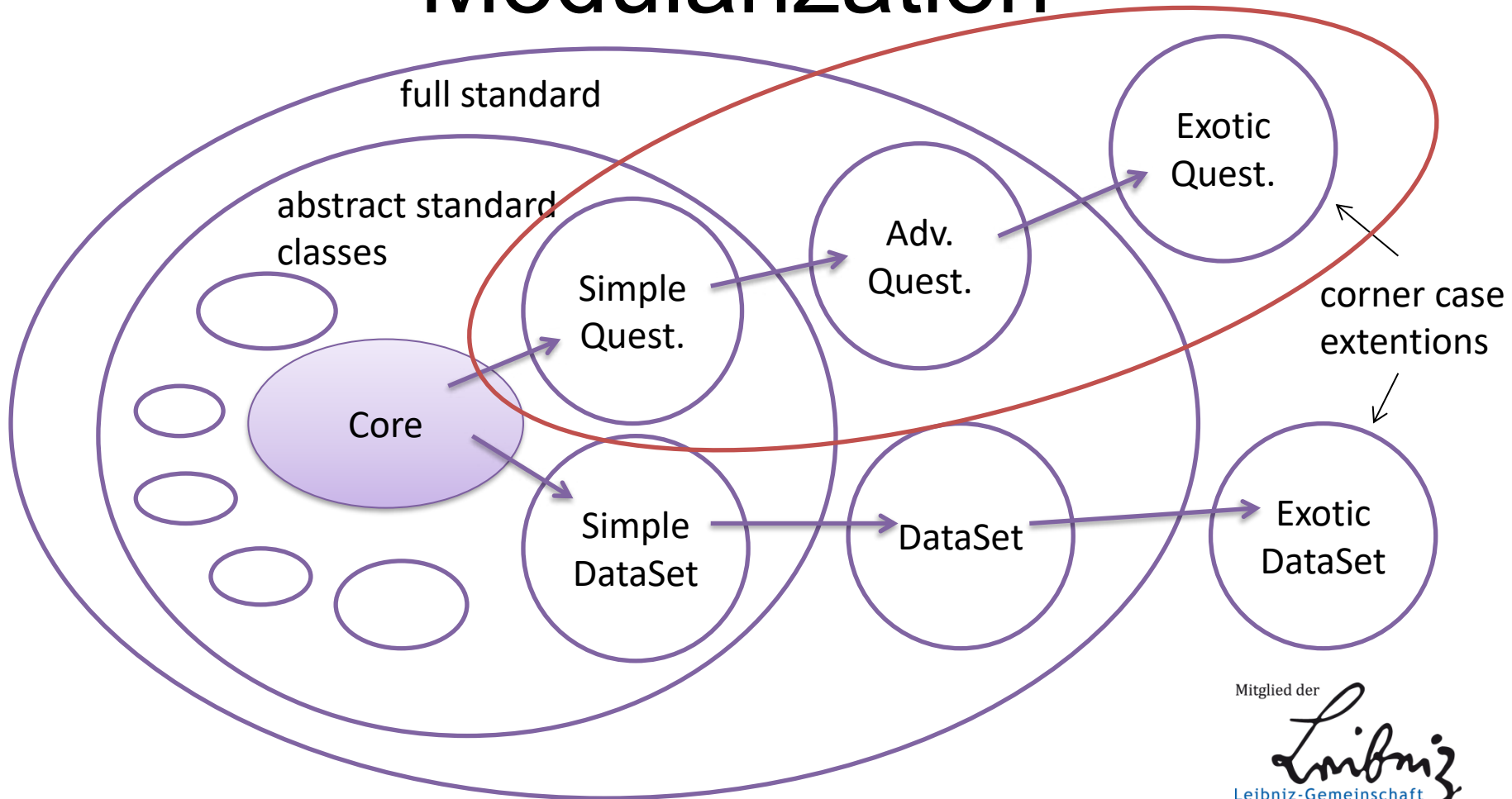
Data Model vs. Data Standard

- 
- | | |
|------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| • Individual | • General |
| • Object oriented | • Not object oriented |
| • Platform dependent | • Platform independent |
| • Modularity for abstraction | • Modularity for content grouping |
| • (Proprietary)... | • (Open)... |

DDI development from the technical point of view

- DDI 2 appears as plain data standard.
- DDI 3 seems to be a data model expressed in data standard language.
- DDI future is planned as a data model with mapping towards a data standard.
→ Can this work?

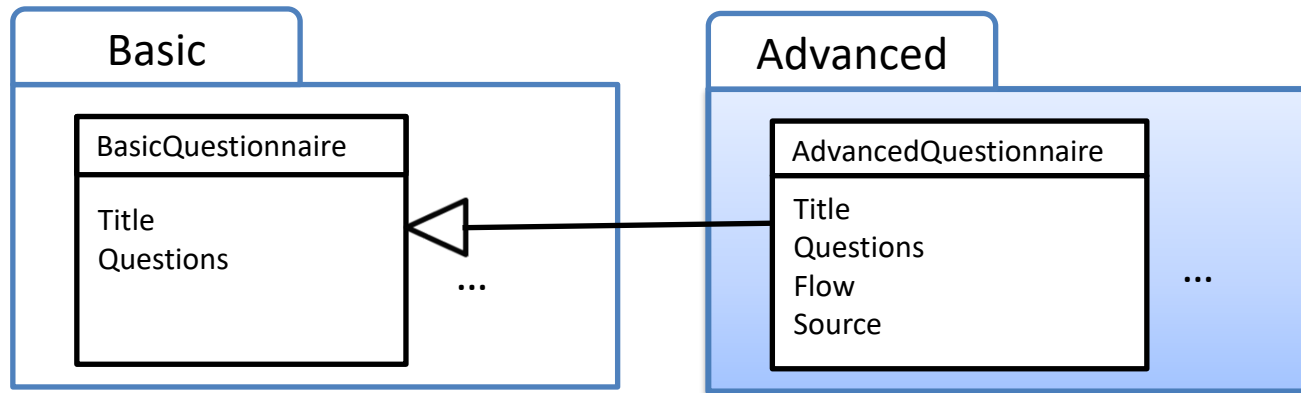
Modularization



The happy part of the marriage

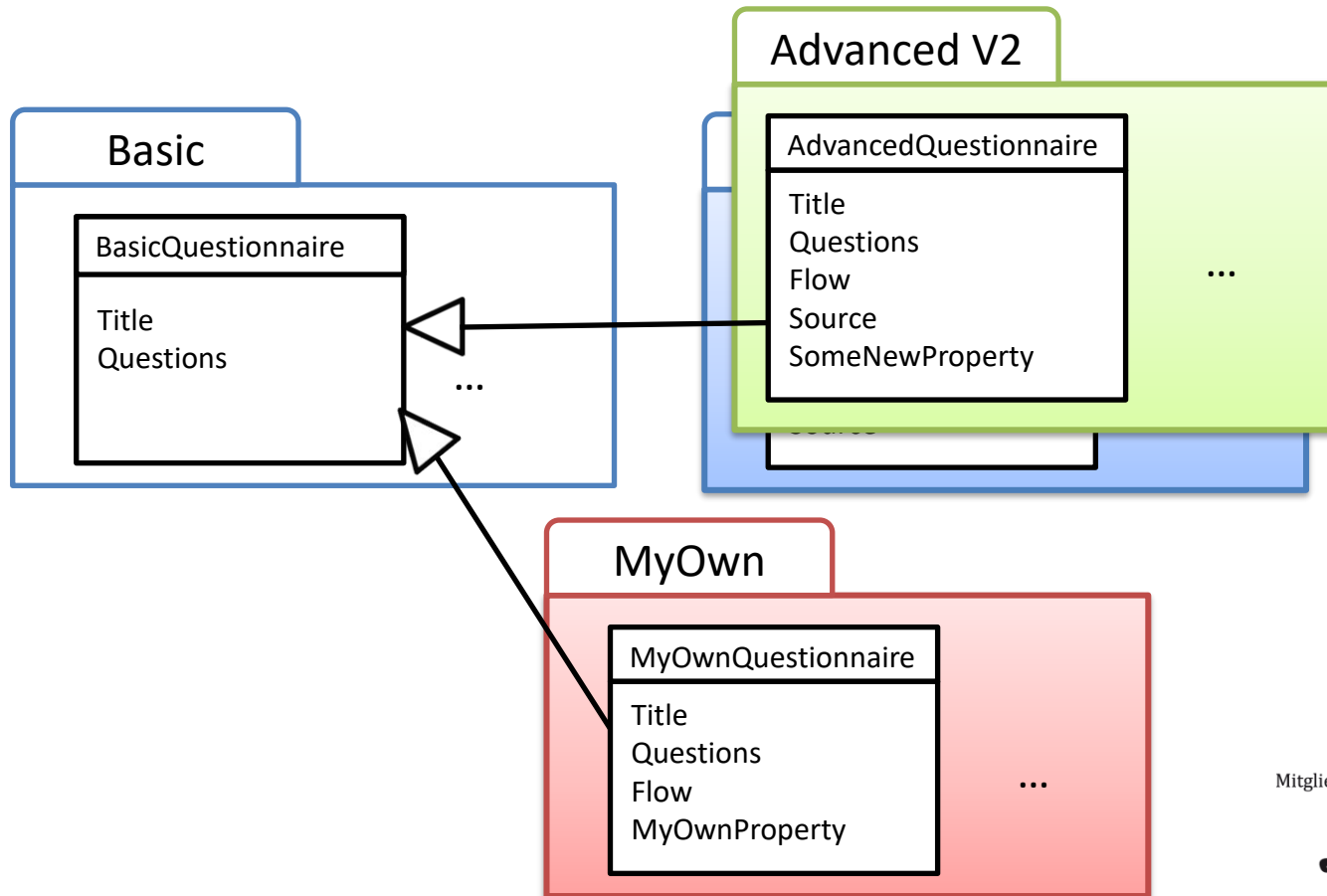
- Technology stack: POJOs, JAXB, JPA
- Generating POJOs from UML
- Direct mapping into relational database (JPA)
- Identification handling (db versus ddi)
- Out of the box (un-)marshalling works!!!

Trouble with modularity



- My system can only deal with BasicQuestionnaires.
- I get delivered a document with AdvancedQuestionnaires.
 - No library to determine the mapping on standard level.
 - Handmade mapping for each and every interaction.

Increasing the trouble



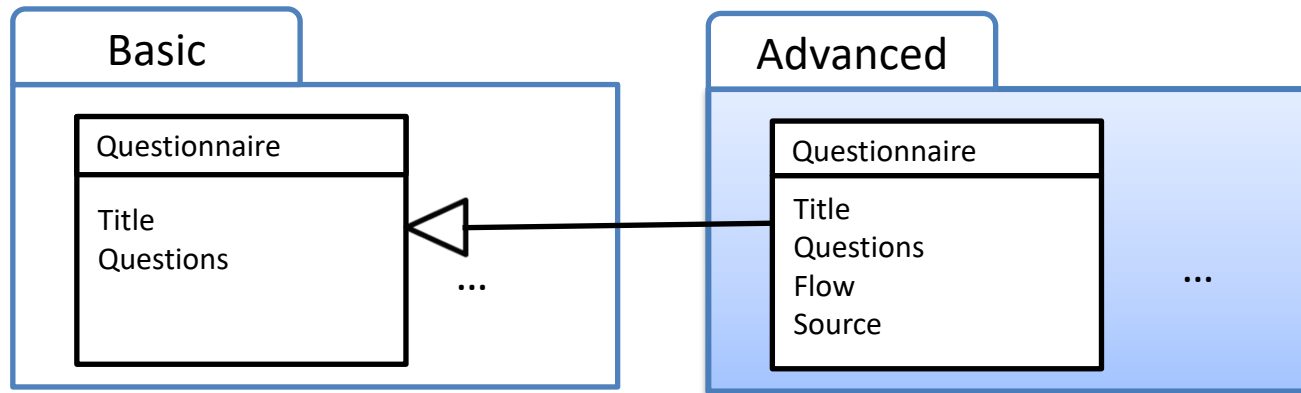
Solution I: Exchange layer

- Provide XSL-snippets for up-casting and version change.
- Compile a style sheet from XSL-snippets based on the used namespaces in source and destination.
- Upstream transformation of each import
- Lot of work and issues

Solution II: Application layer

- Extend POJOs with methods for up-casting and version change.
- Provide an API with all modules in each version.
- Cast to fitting objects before storing.
- Lot of work and issues

Solution III: Cheating



- Parser are usually implemented to ignore anything they do not understand
- So, an implementation of the Questionnaire from Basic will typically be able to parse an Advanced Questionnaire input, no casting/transformation needed

Issues with solution III

- Somewhat weird to have two objects with different properties, but the same name in the same standard
- Requiring anything not in Basic is impossible
- xs:any needs to be added to everything
- Different modeling philosophy is needed

Time for Discussion

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