

Controlled vocabularies for DDI3 a work in progress

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DDI CVG

- Develop/propose controlled vocabularies on DDI3 elements or attributes
- Co-ordination with Technical Implementation Committee (TIC)
- Will become part of the official DDI3 documentation
- · Resource for all DDI users
- Multinational working group within in DDI Alliance context
- Regular videoconferences (usually every two weeks)
- Members:
 - Atle Alvheim, NSD
 - Sanda Ionescu, ICPSR
 - Taina Jääskeläinen (chair), FSD
 - Chryssa Kappi, EKKE
 - Fredy Kuhn, FORS
 - Ken Miller, UK-DA (recently retired)
 - Meinhard Moschner, GESIS

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[Note:]

NSD: Norwegian Social Science Data Services (Bergen)

ICPSR: Inter-university Consortium for Political and Social Research (Ann Arbor, MI)

FSD: Finnish Social Science Data Archive (Tampere)

EKKE: National Center for Social Research / Greek Social Data Bank (Athens)

FORS: Swiss Foundation for Research in Social Sciences (Lausanne), formerly SIDOS

UK-DA: UK Data Archive (Essex)

GESIS - Leibniz Institute for the Social Sciences (Data archive for the Social Sciences, Cologne)



DDI CVG

· Challenges:

- Limited experience with (knowledge of) DDI3
- Not-so-clear use of DDI3 elements or attributes
- Overview of DDI3 elements in the different modules
- Potential heterogeneity of DDI user community
- Lack of existing controlled vocabularies (e.g. for subsetting)
- Lack of standard use of terms
- Optimizing both indexing and searching (as large and complex as necessary, but as small and simple as possible)

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[Note:]

Issues which are not covered by the CVG:

Technical aspects: CV publication format (recommended to publish the machine-actionable part of the CV in Genericode); application requirements for handling hierarchies, if present in a CV, for indexing and searching; separation of index terms and structural description in a CV etc.

Business practices: Selection of a platform for publishing CVs (currently planned to become part of DDI3 documentation); decision about term structure in CVs; versioning and cross-referencing of terms in CVs; policies governing CV maintenance etc.



Controlled vocabularies

- · Organized list of subject terms for indexing and retrieval
- · (Ideally) exhaustive list of terms
- Mutual exclusive terms (no overlapping)
- · Clearly defined subject terms
- The only choices for usage in a specific context
- · Scope notes to avoid misunderstanding if needed
- From a short (flat) list to a complex (hierarchical) thesaurus including relationships between terms like ELSST ...

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[Note:]

ELSST: European Language Social Science Thesaurus (not in the scope of the CVG)



Importance of CVs

- Metadata formats:
 - machine readable (structured or semi-structured text)
 - machine interpretable (DDI2)
 - machine actionable (DDI3)
- · Consistency and efficiency in the production of metadata
- Semantic/technical interoperability between organizations
- Semantic/technical interoperability between systems
- · Precision in searching the metadata
- CVs usually do not replace textual description

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Some types of vocabularies

- ... as illustrative examples from selected DDI3 modules
 - STUDY UNIT
 - DATA COLLECTION
 - PHYSICAL DATA PRODUCT
 - PHYSICAL INSTANCE
 - COMPARATIVE MODULE
 - REUSABLE MODULE

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[Note:]

STUDY UNIT: corresponds to the "study" in a traditional codebook, i.e. nature and scope of the data collection DATA COLLECTION: metadata about the data collection process (data sources, sampling, measurement instrument etc.)

PHYSICAL DATA PRODUCT: describing the physical layout of the data

PHYSICAL INSTANCE: information about the physical instance of an actual data file

COMPARATIVE MODULE: relations between study units in terms of universe, concepts, questions, variables, categories and code schemes

REUSABLE MODULE: common features for all modules



DDI3 STUDY UNIT

KindOfDataType

Kind of data documented in the logical product of a study unit (i.e. kind of distributed data, not the source of data)

- Clinical records
 Sales records
 Court proceedings
 School records
- Police records Local authorities records

- Local authorities records
 National government records.
 Assessment data
 Examination results
 Psychological/Intelligence tests
 Evaluation/Accreditation results
 Audio data
- Music
- Radio
- Speech
 Demographic data
 Birth rates

- Divorce rates
 Fertility data
 Marriage rates
 Census/Enumeration data
 Measurement data
 Physical measurement
 Economic measurement
 Environmental data
 Statistics
 Ratings
 Web logs
 Image data
 Photographs
 Film
 TV programs
 Maps
 Mess

- Diaries
 Letters/E-mails
 Public communication data
 Company accounts
 Catalogues
 Printed publications
 Online publications
 Web Sites
 Supery data

- Web Sites
 Survey data
 Government surveys
 Market research surveys
 Opinion polls
 Independent survey

- Independent survey
 Voting data
 Election returns
 Exit polls
 Parliament votes
 Event/Transaction data
 Other

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DDI3 DATA COLLECTION

TimeMethod

Describes how time fits into the data collection methodology

- Longitudinal
- Cohort/Event-based
 Trend/Repeated cross-section
- Panel
 Continuous
 Interval
 Time Series
 Continuous
 Discrete

- Cross-sectional
 Cross-sectional ad-hoc follow-up

ModeOfDataCollection

- -Interview
 Face-to-face
 Telephone
 E-mail
 CATI
 CAPI

- CAPI
 Self-completed questionnaire
 Paper/pencil
 Web-based
 CASI
 ACASI
 ACASI
 Transcription
 Compilation

- Transcription
 Compilation
 Synthesis
 Recording
 Simulation
 Observation
 Field
 Laboratory
 Participant

- Participant
 -Experiments
 -Focus Group
 -Other

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DDI3 PHYSICAL DATA PRODUCT

•	CharacterSet
	used in the data file

ASCII ISO-8859-1 ISO-8859-2 ISO-8859-3 ISO-8859-4 ISO-8859-5 ISO-8859-6 ISO-8859-7 ISO-8859-8 ISO-8859-9 ISO-8859-10 ISO-8859-11 ISO-8859-13 ISO-8859-14 ISO-8859-15 ISO-8859-16 Mac OS Roman

Unicode 5.1

SoftwareName

physicaldataproduct: proprietary

- AcaStat ADaMSoft Analyse-it Auguri BMDP BrightStat Dataplot EasyReg
- Epi Info EViews GAUSS Golden Helix GraphPad Prism gretl JMP

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DDI3 PHYSICAL INSTANCE

CategoryStatisticsCodedType (category level statistics)

- Absolute Frequency
- Percent of N Valid Percent
- Percent of total sum
- Cumulative Frequency
- Cumulative Percent
- Percentile Rank lower or equal
- Percentile Rank lower Standard Error (SE)
- Confidence Interval level of confidence: 90% Confidence Interval level of confidence: 95%
- Confidence Interval level of confidence: 99%

SummaryStatisticsCodedType

- Arithmetic Mean (X)
- Geometric Mean
- Trimmed Mean
- Standard Error of the Mean
- Mode (Mo) Median (Mdn)
- Valid Cases Invalid Cases
- Minimum
- Maximum Range
- Sum Variance (s2)
- Standard Deviation (s)
 Coefficient of variation (CV)
- Average absolute deviation (AAD)
- Median Absolute Deviation (MAD)
- First Quartile Second Quartile

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DDI3 COMPARATIVE

CommunalityTypeCoded

UniverseMap, ConceptMap, QuestionMap, VariableMap, Categorymap

- Initially suggested values in DDI3:
 - Identical
 - High
 - Medium
 - Low
- CVG proposal after consulting researchers about usability:
 - Identical
 - Some
 - None

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DDI3 REUSABLE

- ContributorType: Role
- Data Collector
- Data Producer Depositor
- Metadata Producer
- Research Instigator
- Publisher: Role (if added by TIC)
- Publisher

- LifeCycleEventType
- Study Proposal Study Design
- Instrument Design Funding
- Interviewer training Ethics Review
- Sampling
- Instrument pre-testing
- Pilot study
- Questionnaire translation Documentation translation
- Data collection
 Data collection reports
- Post-collection processing Data production
- Initial data quality checks
- Metadata production Original release
- Deposit
- Post-production processing

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Why CESSDA wants to use CVs?

- Improve and harmonize archive CVs
- Multilingual access and documentation
- · Temporal, spatial and topical comparability
 - retrieval
 - standardization in the context of question data bases
 - data harmonisation routines (→ CHARMCATS)
- · Authentication and authorisation procedures

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[Note:]

CESSDA (Council of European Social Science Data Archives)

CHARMCATS (Cessda HARMonisation of CATegories and Scales) about the use of DDI3 for publishing harmonisation routines. See EDDI09 presentation by Martin Friedrichs (GESIS/CESSDA-PPP) in session A2.



Recommendations for CESSDA-ERIC

- · Need for an agreed metadata/DDI template
- Use of CVs obligarory for agreed DDI elements
- Use of CVs recommended also for other elements
- Use of CVs as the first step towards DDI3
- Most CVs already applicable in DDI2
- · Translation of CESSDA CVs into local languages

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[Note:]

Recommendations from the EU funded CESSDA Preparatory Phase Project (CESDDA-PPP) for the **CESSDA-ERIC** (European Research Infrastructure Consortium) starting in 2010.



Work in progress

- Systematic review of current CVs
 - application for different data holdings
 - missing terms
 - unclear definitions (trying translation)
 - reviewers beyond the data archive community are welcome
 - deadline: January 15, 2010
- Publication and maintenance within the DDI3 documentation

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Contact and Resources

Review material:

http://www.fsd.uta.fi/jemma/eddi-cv-review/

User Name: eddi-cv-review Password: vC6lBmLc

CVG Contact:

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